

Social Influence Within Dynamic Epistemic Logic: Plausibility Models

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1 $\mathcal{L}_{EL} ::= p \mid \varphi \mid \neg\varphi \mid \varphi \wedge \psi \mid K_i\varphi \mid B_i\varphi$

2 $\mathcal{M} = (\mathcal{A}, W, \{\sim_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, \{\leq_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, V)$

- \mathcal{A} is a finite non-empty set of agents
- W is a finite non-empty set of possible worlds (situations)
- $\sim_i \subseteq W \times W$ is an equivalence relation for each agent $i \in \mathcal{A}$
- $\leq_i \subseteq W \times W$ – reflexive and transitive relation on W
(s.t. $\forall w' \forall w'' (w' \sim_i w'' \equiv (w' \leq_i w'' \vee w'' \leq_i w'))$);
- $V : Var\mathcal{L} \mapsto \mathcal{P}(W)$, where Var is a set of propositional variables

3 $\mathcal{L}_{SI} ::= p \mid \varphi \mid \neg\varphi \mid \varphi \wedge \psi \mid \varphi \vee \psi \mid K_i\varphi \mid B_i\varphi \mid SB_i\varphi \mid [\mathcal{I}, \circ\varphi]\psi$, where

- $\circ ::= \uparrow_i^n, \uparrow_i^s, \uparrow_i^{sk}, \uparrow\downarrow_i^{sk}$
- p ranges over Var (set of propositional variables)
- \mathcal{A} is a finite set of agents, $i \in \mathcal{A}$

4 $\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}} = (\mathcal{A}, W, \{\sim_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, \{\leq_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, V, Infl)$

- $\mathcal{M} = (\mathcal{A}, W, \{\sim_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, \{\leq_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, V)$ — epistemic plausibility model
- $Infl : \mathcal{A} \mapsto \Delta(\mathcal{A})$, where $\Delta(\mathcal{A})$ is a probability distribution over \mathcal{A}

5 Some definitions

1. $[\varphi]_{\mathcal{M}} := \{w \in W \mid \mathcal{M}, w \models \varphi\}$
2. $[w]_i := \{w' \in W \mid w \sim_i w'\}$
3. $[[\varphi]]_i^w := [\varphi]_{\mathcal{M}} \cap [w]_i$
4. $max_{\leq_i}(X) := \{w \in X \mid \forall w' \in X : w' \leq_i w\}$, where $X \subseteq W$
5. $best_i(\varphi, w) := max_{\leq_i}([[\varphi]]_i^w)$

6 Truth for $\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}$

$\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w \models p$ iff $w \in V(p)$

$\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w \models \neg\varphi$ iff $\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w \not\models \varphi$

$\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w \models \varphi \wedge \psi$ iff $\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w \models \varphi$ and $\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w \models \psi$

$\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w \models K_i\varphi$ iff $\forall w' \in [w]_i : \mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w' \models \varphi$

$\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w \models B_i\varphi$ iff $\forall w' \in max_{\leq_i}([w]_i) : \mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w' \models \varphi$

7 $\mathcal{A}_a^w(\varphi) := \{i \in \mathcal{A} \mid \mathcal{M}, w \models B_a B_i \varphi\}$

8 $\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{I}}, w \models SB_a \varphi$ iff $\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}_a^w(\varphi)} Infl(i, a) > \sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}_a^w(\neg\varphi)} Infl(i, a)$

9 Some Properties

1. $\# B_a \varphi \rightarrow SB_a \varphi$
2. $\# SB_a \varphi \rightarrow B_a \varphi$
3. $\models SB_a \varphi \rightarrow K_a(SB_a \varphi)$
4. $\models \neg SB_a \varphi \rightarrow K_a(\neg SB_a \varphi)$
5. $\# (SB_a \varphi \wedge SB_a(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rightarrow SB_a \psi$

10 If $\mathcal{M} = (\mathcal{A}, W, \{\sim_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, \{\leq_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, V)$ then $\mathcal{M}^{\uparrow_a \varphi} = (\mathcal{A}^{\uparrow_a \varphi}, W^{\uparrow_a \varphi}, \{\sim_i^{\uparrow_a \varphi}\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, \{\leq_i^{\uparrow_a \varphi}\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, V^{\uparrow_a \varphi})$, where

- $\mathcal{A}^{\uparrow_a \varphi} = \mathcal{A}$
- $W^{\uparrow_a \varphi} = W$
- $\{\sim_i^{\uparrow_a \varphi}\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}} = \{\sim_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}$
- $V^{\uparrow_a \varphi} = V$
- $\leq_i^{\uparrow_a \varphi} = \leq_i$, for $i \neq a$
- For $a \leq_a^{\uparrow_a \varphi}$ is the smallest relation satisfying
 - $\forall x \forall y ((x \in \text{best}_a(\varphi, w) \wedge y \in [w]_a) \rightarrow y \leq_a^{\uparrow_a \varphi} x)$
 - $\forall x \forall y ((x, y \in [w]_a - \text{best}_a(\varphi, w) \wedge x \leq_a y) \rightarrow x \leq_a^{\uparrow_a \varphi} y)$

11 If $\mathcal{M} = (\mathcal{A}, W, \{\sim_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, \{\leq_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, V)$ then $\mathcal{M}^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi} = (\mathcal{A}^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi}, W^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi}, \{\sim_i^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi}\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, \{\leq_i^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi}\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}, V^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi})$, where

- $\mathcal{A}^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi} = \mathcal{A}$
- $W^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi} = W$
- $\{\sim_i^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi}\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}} = \{\sim_i\}_{i \in \mathcal{A}}$
- $V^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi} = V$
- $\leq_i^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi} = \leq_i$, for $i \neq a$
- For $a \leq_a^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi}$ is the smallest relation satisfying
 - $\forall x \forall y (([\varphi]_a^w \wedge y \in [\neg\varphi]_a^w) \rightarrow y \prec_a^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi} x)$ ¹
 - $\forall x \forall y ((x, y \in [\varphi]_a^w \wedge x \leq_a y) \rightarrow x \leq_a^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi} y)$
 - $\forall x \forall y ((x, y \in [\neg\varphi]_a^w \wedge x \leq_a y) \rightarrow x \leq_a^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi} y)$

12 Conservative update (for naive agents)

$\mathcal{M}^\mathcal{I}, w \models [\mathcal{I}, \uparrow_a^n \varphi] \psi$ iff $\mathcal{M}^\mathcal{I}, w \models \hat{K}_a \varphi \wedge SB_a \varphi$ implies $\mathcal{M}^{\uparrow_a \varphi}, w \models \psi$, where $\hat{K}_a \varphi ::= \neg K_a \neg \varphi$

13 Radical update (for naive agents)

$\mathcal{M}^\mathcal{I}, w \models [\mathcal{I}, \uparrow_a^n \varphi] \psi$ iff $\mathcal{M}^\mathcal{I}, w \models \hat{K}_a \varphi \wedge SB_a \varphi$ implies $\mathcal{M}^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi}, w \models \psi$

14 Conservative update (for skeptical agents)

$\mathcal{M}^\mathcal{I}, w \models [\mathcal{I}, \uparrow_a^{sk} \varphi] \psi$ iff $\mathcal{M}^\mathcal{I}, w \models \neg(B_a \varphi \vee B_a \neg \varphi) \wedge SB_a \varphi$ implies $\mathcal{M}^{\uparrow_a \varphi}, w \models \psi$

15 Radical update (for skeptical agents)

$\mathcal{M}, w \models [\mathcal{I}, \uparrow_a^{sk} \varphi] \psi$ iff $\mathcal{M}^\mathcal{I}, w \models \neg(B_a \varphi \vee B_a \neg \varphi) \wedge SB_a \varphi$ implies $\mathcal{M}^{\uparrow\uparrow_a \varphi}, w \models \psi$

¹ $w' \prec_i w'' := w' \leq_i w'' \wedge w'' \neq_i w'$.